

Lindsaea ensifolia Sw.

Found in a variety of habitats, including rainforests, tropical woodlands, and shaded, damp areas. It is commonly seen growing on rocks, in crevices, or as an epiphyte on tree trunks. The fronds are typically pinnate (feather-like) with a single main axis from which smaller leaflets or pinnae branch out. The size of this fern can vary, but it typically ranges from 20 to 60 centimeters in length, with fronds that are relatively narrow compared to some other fern species. The leaflets are typically leathery or coriaceous. This texture helps the plant retain moisture in its fronds, making it well-adapted to humid and tropical environments. Like other ferns, *Lindsaea ensifolia* reproduces via spores produced on the underside of the fronds. These spores are found in structures known as sori, which are small clusters of sporangia.



Native to
Asia, Africa



Geo. Distribution
Tropics and subtropics

